What you will learn about: Solve by Factoring

Zero Product Property $a \cdot b = 0$, then either a = 0 or b = 0 or both.

Solve:
$$(x+1)(x-4) = 0$$

 $x+1=0$ $x-4=0$
 $x=-1$ $x=4$

Solve:
$$(5n-2)(6n-1) = 0$$

 $5n-2=0$ $6n-1=0$
 $5n=2$ $6n=1$
 $n=\frac{2}{5}$ $n=\frac{1}{6}$
Solve: $(x+1)(x-1)=0$

Solve:
$$(4p+3)(4p-3) = 0$$

 $4p+3=0$ $4p-3=0$
 $4p=3=0$
 $4p=3=0$
 $4p=3=0$
 $4p=3=0$
 $4p=3=0$
 $4p=3=0$
 $4p=3=0$
 $4p=3=0$
Solve: $(x+1)(x-4) = 0$
 $x=-1$ $x=4$

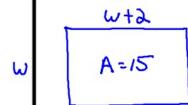
Solve:
$$3p(10p + 7) = 0$$

 $3p = 0$ $|0p \neq 7 = 0$
 $p = 0$ $|0p = -7$
 $p = -\frac{7}{10}$

	Solve: $w(2w+3) = 0$ w=0 $2w+3=02w=-3w=-\frac{3}{2}Solve: x^2+2x-8=0(x+4)(x-2)=0$		
24 -64	x+4=0 $x-z=0y=-4$ $x=2Solve: b^2+9b+14=0(b+7)(b+2)=0b+7=0$ $b+2=0b=-7$ $b=-2Solve: 2y^2=13y+452y^2-13y-45=0(2y+5)(y-9)=02y+5=0-5$ $y-9=0Solve: 3c^2=10c-8$	-90 -18.5 (2y2-18y)+ 2y(y-9)+5 (2y+5)by	(5y-45) (y-2) -9)
(32-62)-4c+8)	$3c^{2}-10c+8=0$ (3c-4)(c-2)=0 3c-4=0 $c-2=050ve^{2}: 3x^{2}-13x=7x5x^{2}-13x=7x5x^{2}-20x=0$	5x(x-4)=0 5x=0 X-4=0 X=0 X=4	

	Solve: $144q^2 = 25$ $144q^2 - 25 = 0$ $(12q-5)(12q+5) = 0$ $12q-5 = 0$ $12q+5 = 0$ Solve: $36x^2 = 121$ $36x^2 - 121 = 0$ $(6x-11)(6x+11) = 0$ $x = \frac{1}{6}$ Solve: $2y^2 = 13x + 45$	$g = \frac{5}{12}, -\frac{5}{12}$ $g = \pm \frac{5}{12}$
$\frac{24}{-12} - \frac{2}{12} - \frac{2}{12$	Solve: $(3x-8)(x-1) = 3x$ $3x^2-3x-6x+6=3x$ $3x^2-11x+8=3x$ $3x^2-14x+8=0$ Solve: $(2m+1)(m+3) = 12m$ $2m^2+7m+3=12m$ $2m^2-5m+3=0$ Solve: $(k+1)(k-1)=8$ (k-3)(-k+3)=0	$3x^{2}-14x+8=0$ $(3x-2)(x-4)=0$ $3x-2=0 x-4=0$ $x=\frac{2}{3} x=4$ $2m^{2}-5m+3=0$ $(2m-3)(m-1)=0$ $2m-3=0 m-1=0$ $m=\frac{3}{4} m=1$

	Solve: $8x^3 = 24x^2 - 18x$ $8x^3 - 24x^2 + 18x = 0$ $2x = 0 2x - 3 = 0 2x - 3 = 0$ $x = 0 2x - 3 = 0 2x - 3 = 0$
	$2 \times (2x-3)(2x-3) = 0$ Solve: $16y^2 = 32y^3 + 2y$ $32y^3 - 16y^2 + 2y = 0$ $2y(16y^2 - 8y + 1) = 0$ $2 \times (2x-3)(2x-3) = 0$ $2y = 0$ $4y-1=0$ $4y-1=0$ $4y-1=0$ $4y=\frac{1}{4}$
	$2y(4y-1)(4y-1)=0 \qquad x^{2}-4x-21=0$ Solve: $4x^{2} = 16x + 84$ $4x^{2}-10x-84=0 \qquad (X-7)(x+3)=0$
(3x -2)(2x+5)	$\frac{4(x^{2}-4x-21)}{4} = 0$ Solve: $18a^{2}-30=-33a$ $(3x-2)(2a+5)=0$
1 ⁵⁺ -× 2 nd -×+1 11,12 -12,-11	Find the product of two consecutive ingtegers is 132. Find the integers. $(x+12)(x-11)=0$ $x^2+x=132 \qquad x=-12 \qquad x=11$
	The product of two consecutive integers is 240. Find the integers. $X(x+1) = 240$ $X^2 + X = 240$ $X^2 + X = 240$ $X^2 + X = 240$
20 P a g e	(x+16)(x-15)=0 y=-16 x=15



A rectangluar garden as an area of 15 square feet. The length of the garden is two feet more that the width. Find the length and width of the garden.

$$w(w+2)=15$$
 $w=5$ $w=5$ $w=5$ $w=5$ $w=5$ $w=5$ $w=5$ $w=5$ $w=5$ $w=5$

W+1 30

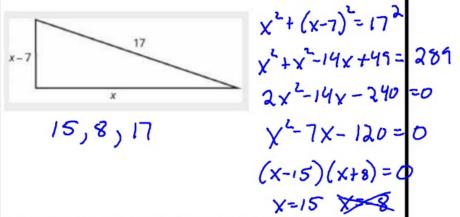
3+42=52

C=√2+b2=C2

A rectangluar sign has an area of 30 square feet. The length of the sign is one foot more that the width. Find the length and width of the sign.

$$W(W+1)=30$$
 $W=5$ $W^2+W-30=0$ $W=5$ $(W+6)(W-5)=0$ $M=6$

Justine wants to put a deck in the corner of her yard in the shape of a right triangle, as shown below. The hypotenuse will be 17 feet long. The length of one side will be 7 feet less thatn the length of the other side. The the lengths of the sides of the deck.



A boat's sail is a right triangle. The length of one side of the sail is 7 feet more than the other side. The hypotenuse is 13 feet. Find the lengths of the two sides of the sail. A boat's sail is a right triangle. The length of one side of the sail is 7 feet more than the other side. The hypotenuse is 13 feet. Find the lengths of the two sides of the sail.

A meditation garden is in the shape of a right triangle, with one leg 7 feet long. The length of the hypotenuse is one more than the length of one of the other legs. Find the lengths of the hypotenuse and the other leg.

> 7.6 Puc monday